M1.(a) A
(b)

(c) one $x$ circled under mother
accept if clearly indicated choice even if not circled
(d) $X Y$
allow $Y X$
(e) $50(\%)$

M2.
(a)

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(b) a gene
allow allele
(c) 4
(d) correct derivation of children's genotypes
allow ecf
allow $1 / 4$ / 25\% / 1 in 4 / 1:3
do not accept 1:4
(e) heterozygous

M3.(a) (i) (female) has $X X$ / only X 's / no Y allow has $X$ chromosomes ignore ref to genes / cells
(ii) extra chromosome / has 47 chromosomes / one set has 3 copies ignore reference to chromosome numbers other than 47 or no. 18
no. 18
(b) (i) 14
allow in range of 13.5 to 14.5
(ii) 7
allow in range of 6.75 to 7.25
accept ecf from 5bi
(c) Advantages:
any two from:

- more than 1 embryo (so more chance of success)
allow method 2 may cause a miscarriage
- tested at 3 days of 10 weeks or tested earlier tested when only 3 days old
- tested before pregnancy
- no termination / abortion
- spare embryos have a potential use.

Disadvantages:
any one from:

- needs an operation
accept described hazard of operation
- (spare) embryos / human life destroyed / harmed
must be comparative
- higher cost
- embryos might not implant / might not develop.
(ii) Characteristics
(iii) Classify
(b) Plants
ignore algae

M5.(a) (i) gamete(s)
ignore reproductive cells
(ii) womb / uterus
allow phonetic spellings
(b) (i) are formed from the same original embryo
(ii) embryo transplantation
(iii) any one from:

- (calves will have some) genes / DNA from bull / sperm allow not all genes from the cow
- idea that sexual reproduction produces variation allow may be male allow idea that gene for low fat milk may not be passed on
[5]

M6.(a) (i) fertilisation
(ii) in sequence:
accept 1 next to gene, 2 next to chromosome and 3 next to nucleus in box

1 gene
2 chromosome
3 nucleus
allow 1 mark for smallest or largest in correct position
(iii) DNA
(b) (i) On diagram:
tick drawn next to $\mathbf{X}$ and / or $\mathbf{Y}$ from Parent 1
tick(s) must be totally outside grid squares
allow ticks around "parent"
extra ticks elsewhere cancel
(ii) $0.5 / 1 / 2 / 50 \% / 1: 1 / 50: 50 / 1$ in 2
allow 2/4 / 2 in 4 / 2 out of 4 / 'even(s)'/ 'fifty - fifty' do not allow $1: 2$ or ' $50 / 50$ ' or ‘ $50-50$ '

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2 (out of 4) boxes are XX
or
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half of the sperm contain an X-chromosome
allow $\boldsymbol{X Y}$ is male and 2 (out of 4) boxes are $\boldsymbol{X Y}$

M7.(a) DNA
(b) $X$ and $Y$
(c) (i) 46 chromosomes
(ii) half the number
(d) meiosis

M8.(a) Mendel
(b) (i) TT
(ii) a dominant allele
(c) $1: 1$
(d) 100 short plants
apply list principle
(ii) chromosomes
apply list principle
(b) (i) The allele is recessive no mark if more than one box is ticked
(ii) two
apply list principle
(c) (i) A
apply list principle
(ii) B
apply list principle

